

A First Look at Tier 1 Instruction to Promote Early Literacy in Preschool Classrooms

- What is the quality of classroom instruction and children's engagement in literacy instruction?
 - What is Tier 1 instruction like in preschool programs across our local communities?
 - In their interactions with children, how often do teachers employ strategies for promoting language and early literacy?
 - How often are children actively engaged in activities related to early literacy?



Sample Characteristics

	Pre-K	Head Start	Title 1	Private
IEP	12%	11%	6%	10%
Dual Language Learner	40%	17%	7%	0
Parent: No HS Diploma or GED	26%	29%	20%	0
No Reading to Child in Past Week	9%	4%	3%	0



Developmental Status Early in the School Year

1 SD Delay:	Pre-K	Head Start	Title 1	Private
CELF Core Skills	66%	43%	33%	15%
PPVT	42%	53%	34%	10%
TOPEL Print Knowledge	55%	54%	41%	24%
TOPEL Phonological Awareness	65%	49%	48%	33%



Observational Instruments

- CLASS Pre-K: Classroom Assessment Scoring System (Pianta, La Paro & Hamre, 2008)
 - Ratings from 1 to 7, based on four 20-minute observations
 - Focuses on classroom as a whole
 - One day's observation (80 minutes) on each of 57 classrooms (goal=60)
- Classroom CIRCLE: Code for Interactive Recording of Children's Learning Environments (Atwater, Lee, Montagna, Reynolds & Tapia, 2009)
 - Time-sampled recording of classroom context, teacher behavior, and child behavior, with scores as pct of 30-second intervals
 - Focuses on one individual child at a time
 - □ 30 minutes on each of 265 children in this presentation (goal=360)



Classroom Assessment Scoring System: CLASS Pre-K

Emotional Support

Positive Climate, Negative Climate, Teacher Sensitivity,
 Regard for Student Perspectives

Classroom Organization

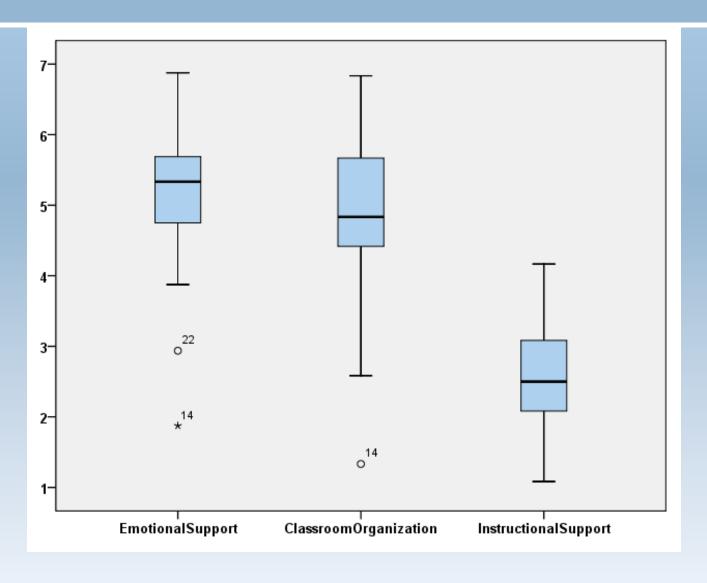
 Behavior Management, Productivity, Instructional Learning Formats

Instructional Support

 Concept Development, Quality of Feedback, Language Modeling



Distribution of CLASS Scores for Tier 1 Classrooms (N=57)





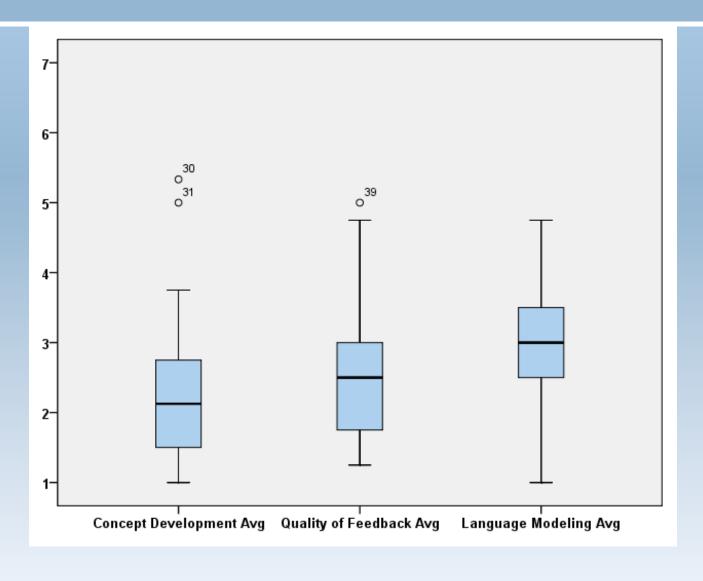
A Closer Look at Instructional Support

Instructional Support

- Concept Development
 - Analysis and reasoning, creating, integration, connections to the real world
- Quality of Feedback
 - Scaffolding, feedback loops, prompting thought processes, providing information, encouragement and affirmation
- Language Modeling
 - Frequent conversation, open-ended questions, repetition and extension, self- and parallel talk, advanced language

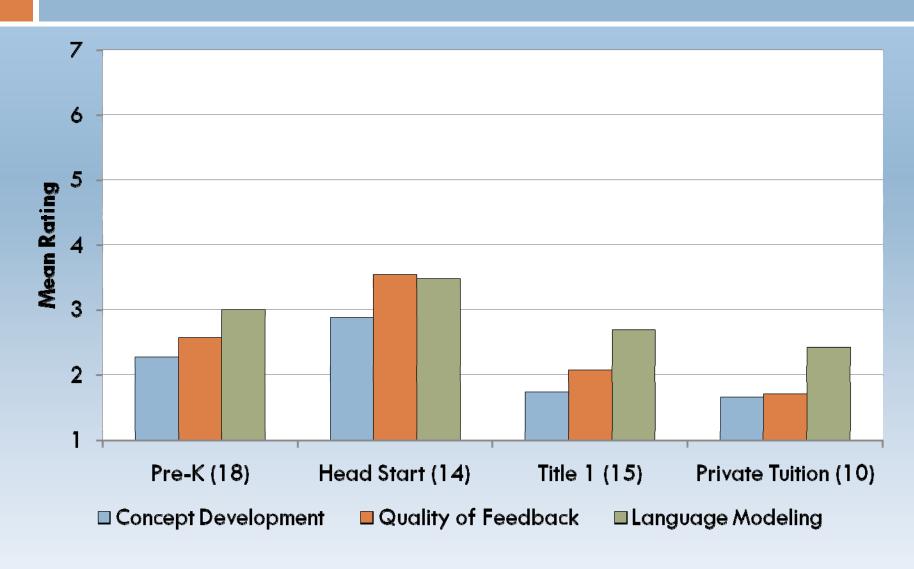


Component Scores for Instructional Support (N=56)





Components of Instructional Support – Across Program Types





Classroom CIRCLE

Classroom Context

Teacher Behavior

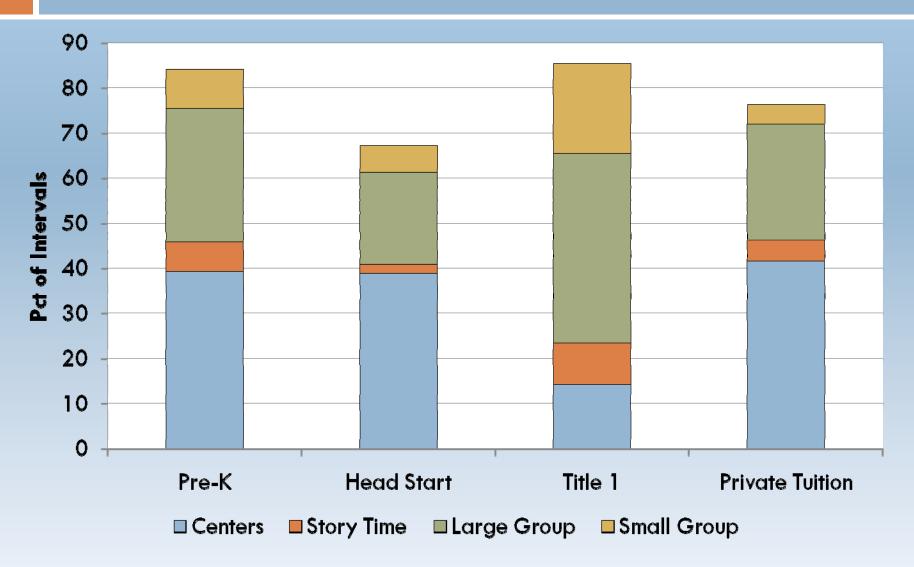
- Verbal Response (to focus child or focus child's group)
- Recipient of Verbal Response
- Focus of Instruction (focus on early literacy)
- Teacher Involvement

Child Behavior

- Communication and Social Behavior
- Social Partner
- Engagement in Classroom Activities



Activity Context During Observations



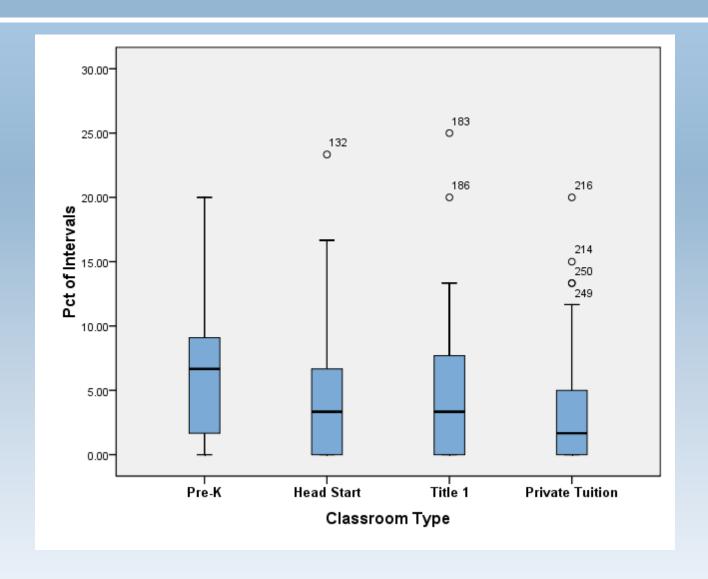


Key Composites Related to Language Support

- Prompting and Expanding Child Communication
 - Teacher asks expands, extends or repeats child communication or asks a question (open- or closedended)
- Child Verbal Communication
 - Child communicates with words or signs (English or other language)

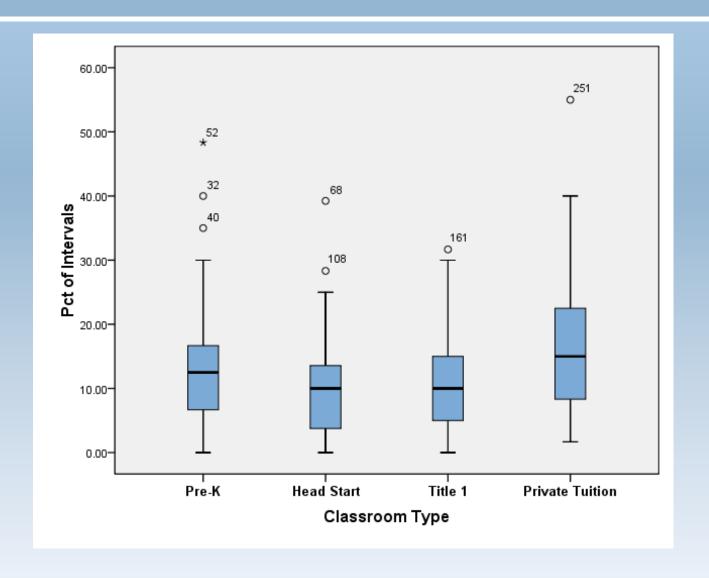


CIRCLE: Teacher Expands and Prompts Child Communication





CIRCLE: Child Verbal Communication





Key Composites Related to Early Literacy Support

Literacy Focus of Instruction

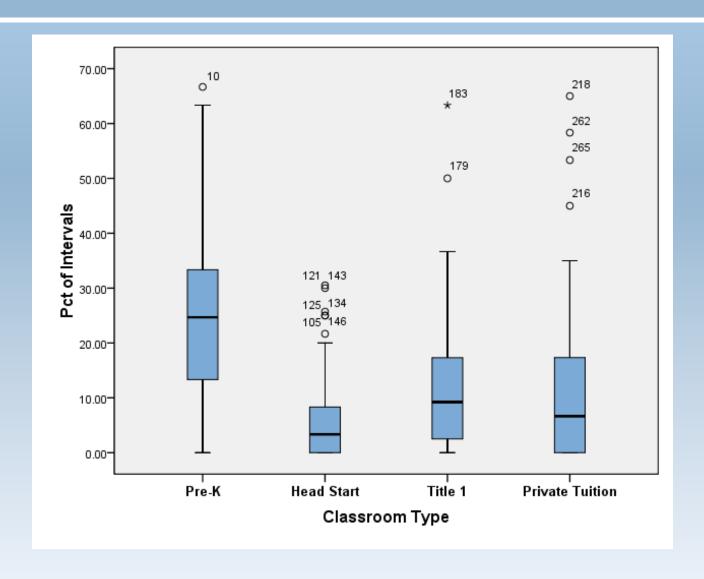
 Teacher focuses on phonological awareness, alphabetic/print concepts, vocabulary, comprehension, or reading

Child Active Academic Engagement

 Child is engaged in early writing, in early reading or in manipulation or verbal response related to an academic topic (i.e., early literacy, numeracy, science, or social studies)

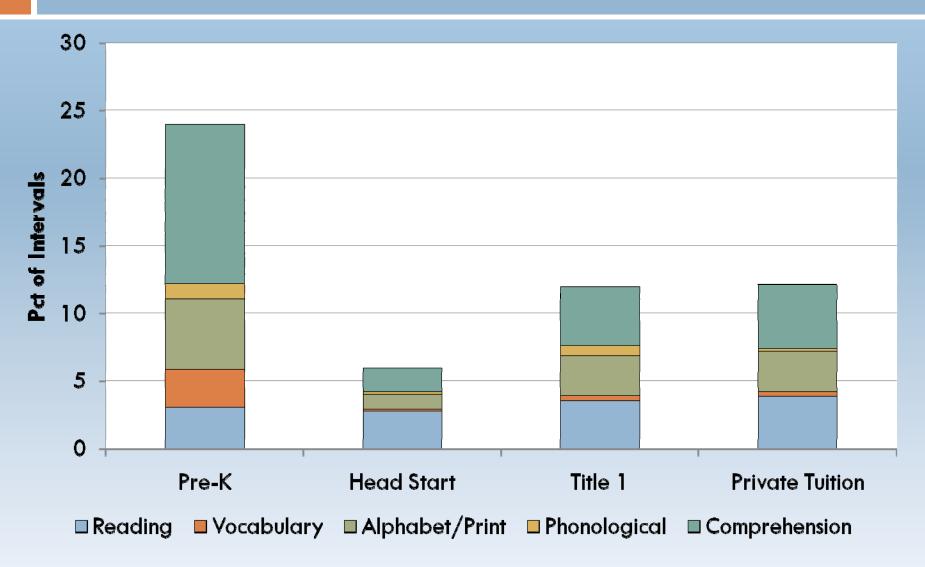


CIRCLE: Any Literacy Focus by Teacher



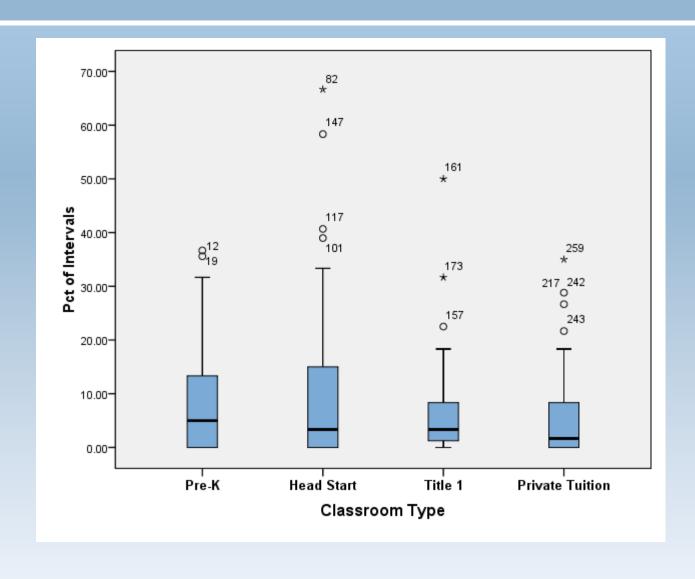


CIRCLE: Unpacking Literacy Focus



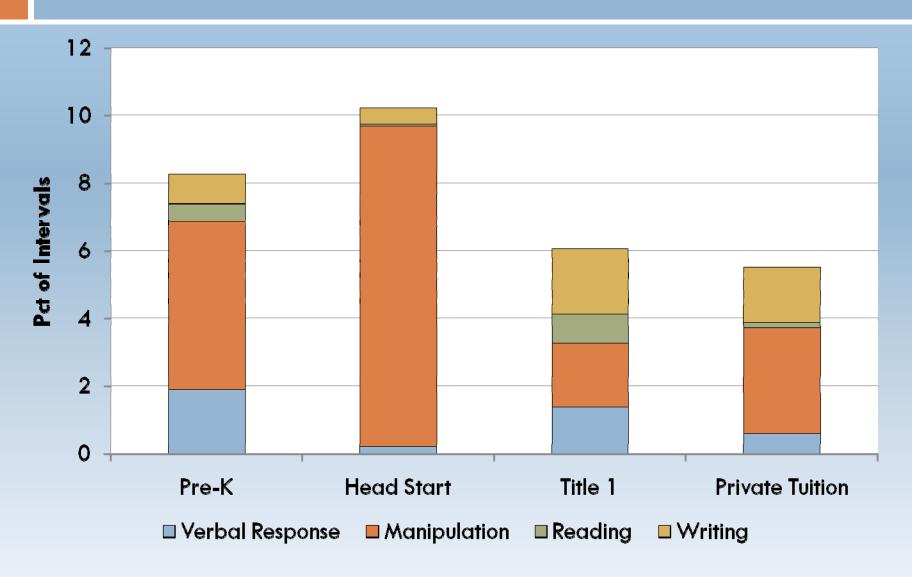


CIRCLE: Child's Active Academic Engagement



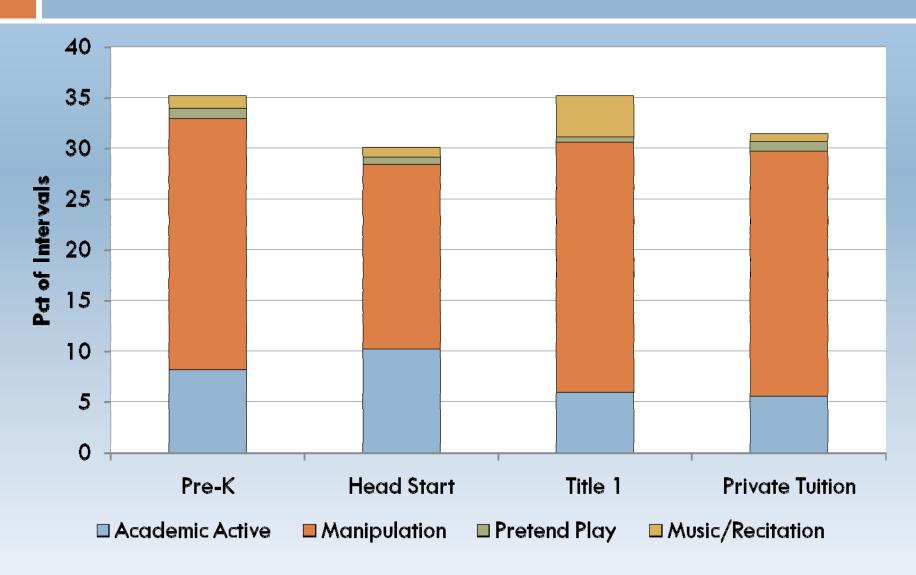


CIRCLE: Unpacking Active Academic Engagement





CIRCLE: Academic Engagement in Relation to Other Active Engagement





What we have learned so far

- Community-based classrooms in our sample differ considerably in children served, in quality as measured by the CLASS, and in the context of learning activities.
- Despite differences, we found consistently low ratings for instructional support, which is the score most closely related to support for early literacy.
- From the perspective of individual children, teacher support for language and literacy varied considerably within and across classroom types.
- On average, a child received teacher language support and literacy support from the teacher approximately 5% and 8% of the time, respectively, or:
 - Less than 4 minutes during a 30-minute observation
 - Less than 25 minutes during a 3-hour classroom session



What more do we need to learn?

- How do Tier 1 quality and classroom experiences vary for different groups of children (i.e., dual language learners, children with IEPs, and children who may need Tier 2 and Tier 3 intervention?
- How are differences in quality, context, and teacher behavior related to children's active engagement in learning activities?
- Are differences in curriculum related to quality, classroom experiences, and children's engagement?
- Given the diversity of children and classrooms within this study, what are we learning about children's early literacy skills and the implications for instruction?